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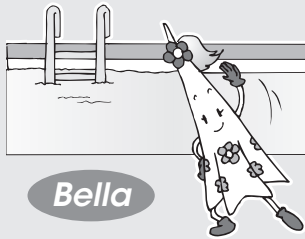
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1 showing time (1): before, during, after

before (在……之前)

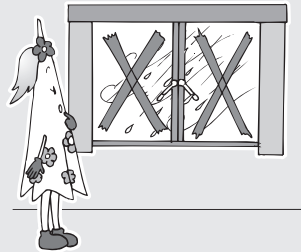
- Used to show that something happens earlier than something else



e.g. Bella does warm-up exercises **before** swimming.

during (在……期間)

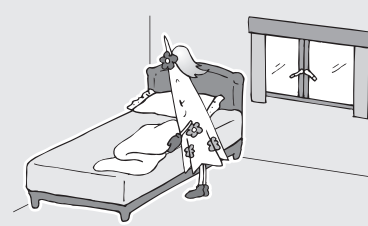
- Used to show that something happens in a period of time



e.g. Bella stayed at home **during** the typhoon.

after (在……之後)

- Used to show that something happens later than something else



e.g. Bella makes her bed **after** getting up.










A. Put a tick (✓) if the underlined prepositions are correct. Correct the wrong ones on the lines.

- It is impolite to talk during the meal. _____
- We should pay attention after the lesson. _____
- Take off your clothes before having a shower. _____

B. Circle (○) the correct answers.

- You can have some snacks **before** **during** **after** the break.
- I need to buy a ticket **before** **during** **after** getting on the train.
- The thief ran away **before** **during** **after** stealing my wallet.
- You can't eat the meat **before** **during** **after** cooking it.
- In Hong Kong, it rains a lot **before** **during** **after** summer.

C. Fill in the blanks with 'before', 'during' or 'after'.

	Sam	Leslie	Anita
Morning			
Afternoon			
Night			

1. Sam played badminton _____ going to the dentist.
2. Sam saw the dentist _____ the afternoon.
3. Leslie did revision _____ going skating.
4. Leslie went to his brother's birthday party _____ skating.
5. Anita went hiking _____ eating dim sum.
6. Leslie prepared a present for his brother _____ the party.
7. Leslie sang a birthday song _____ the party.
8. Anita took a lot of photos _____ the hike.
9. Sam washed the dishes _____ dinner.
10. Anita felt very full _____ having a barbecue with her friends.



使用 'before' 和 'after' 時，須弄清楚事件的先後次序。